## CE 5364 Groundwater Transport Phenomena Exercise Set 2

## Exercises

1. (Problem 6-1, pg. 567) Chloride  $(Cl^{-})$  is injected as a continuous source into a 1-D column 50 centimeters long at a seepage velocity of  $10^{-3} \frac{cm}{s}$ . The effluent concentration measured at  $t = 1800 \ s$  from the start of the injection is 0.3 of the initial concentration, and at  $t = 2700 \ s$  the effluent concentration is measured to be 0.4 of the initial concentration.

Determine:

- (a) Sketch the system.
- (b) The longitudinal dispersivity.
- (c) The dispersion coefficient.
- 2. (Problem 6-2, pg. 567) Chloride  $(Cl^{-})$  is injected as a continuous source into a 1-D column. The system has Darcy velocity of  $5.18 \times 10^{-3} \frac{in}{day}$ , a porosity of n = 0.30, and longitudinal dispersivity of 5m.

Determine:

- (a) Sketch the system.
- (b) The ratio  $\frac{C}{C_0}$  at a location 0.3 meters from the injection location after 5 days of injection.
- (c) The ratio  $\frac{C}{C_0}$  at a location 0.3 meters from the injection location after 5 days of injection, if the dispersivity is 4 times larger (20*m*).
- (d) Comment on the difference in results.

3. (Problem 6-3, pg. 587) The estimated mass from an instantaneous release of benzene is  $107 \frac{kg}{m^2}$  of a 1-D aquifer system. The aquifer has a seepage velocity of  $0.03 \frac{in}{day}$  and a longitudinal \*\*dispersion coefficient\*\* of  $9 \times 10^{-4} \frac{m^2}{day}$ 

Determine:

- (a) Sketch the system.
- (b) Plot a concentration profile at t = 1 year for x = 0 to x = 50 inches, in 1-inch increments.
- (c) Plot a concentration history at  $x = v \times (1 \text{ year})$  (this value stays constant) for t = 0 to t = 2 years in  $\frac{1}{12}$ -year increments.
- (d) The maximum concentration at t = 1 year and its location.