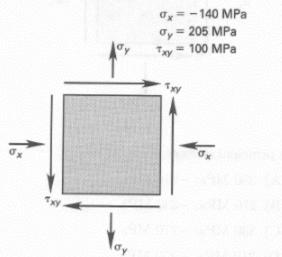
## Mechanics of Materials (New Engine)

Multiple Choice 1 point 5. A rectangular steel bar 37.5 mm wide and 50 mm thick is pinned at each end and subjected to axial compression. The bar has a length of 1.75 m. The modulus of elasticity is 200 GPa. What is most nearly the critical buckling load? 60 kN 140 kN 93 kN 110 kN 2 Multiple Choice 1 point A 1-ft rod with a diameter of 0.5 in. is subjected to a tensile force of 1,300 lb and has an elongation of 0.009 in. The modulus of elasticity (ksi) of the material is most nearly: 740 ksi 10,000 ksi 884 ksi 8,840 ksi

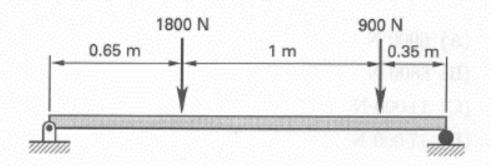
 ${f 1.}$  The element is subjected to the plane stress condition shown.



What is the maximum shear stress?

- 200 MPa
- 100 MPa
- 210 MPa
- 160 MPa

3. Refer to the simply supported beam shown.



What is most nearly the maximum bending moment?

- 890 N·m
- 660 N·m
- 460 N·m
- 340 N·m
  - Multiple Choice 1 point
  - **8.** If  $\delta$  is deformation, and L is the original length of the specimen, what is the definition of normal strain,  $\varepsilon$ ?

$$\bigcirc \quad \varepsilon = \frac{\delta}{L}$$

5

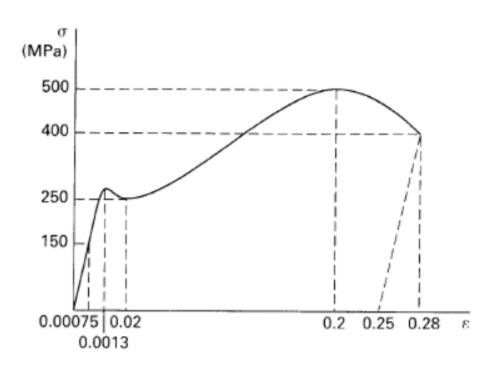
$$\varepsilon = \frac{L + \delta}{L}$$

$$\varepsilon = \frac{L + \delta}{\delta}$$

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\delta}{L + \delta}$$

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\delta}{L + \delta}$$

10. A stress-strain diagram is shown.



What is most nearly the modulus of elasticity of the material?

- 100 GPa
- 20 GPa
- 200 GPa
- 80 GPa



The following preliminary concrete mix has been designed assuming that the aggregates are in oven-dry condition.

Water = 
$$305 \text{ lb/yd}^3$$
  
Cement =  $693 \text{ lb/yd}^3$   
Coarse aggregate (SSD) =  $1,674 \text{ lb/yd}^3$   
Fine aggregate (SSD) =  $1,100 \text{ lb/yd}^3$ 

The properties of the aggregates are:

Property	Coarse Aggregate	Fine Aggregate
Absorption (moisture content at SSD)	0.5%	0.7%
Moisture content as used in mix	2.0%	6.0%

The amount of water (lb/yd³) that would be used in the final mix is most nearly:

- ( ) 388
- 222
- **206**
- 305